

Física da Praça Tahrir

Renato Doria
doria@aprendanet.com.br
Aprendanet Informática

Palestra em homenagem ao
60 aniversário do Prof.
José A. Helayël

Fenômena
(Invariância da Luz)



Númenon
(Confinamento)

Sacerdócio
da Física

400 bilhões de galáxias

Quarks

Quarks em três cores

Quanta: a partir da
invariância da luz

Leptons

Building blocks:
a partir da cor

QCD

SU(5)

Fenômena (Invariância da luz)

1. Quanta

Spin, Massa, Cargas, C, P, T, CPT

2. Simetria Yang-Mills

$$\omega^a \rightarrow \mathcal{L} = F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + \dots$$

3. Selos da Invariância da Luz

- **Maxwell:** Carga e Campo
- **Einstein:** Espaço e Tempo
- **Wigner:** Campo e Spin
- **Conjunto:** $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}) \leftrightarrow \{A'_\mu\}$
- **Evolução:** $\mathcal{L} = \Delta\mathcal{L}$ (Entidades Conservadas)

Númenon (Confinamento)

1. Building Blocks

Pedras Coloridas : Δ

Spin $\frac{1}{2}$ Spin 0

Δ	Δ
3	III
∇	∇

$$3 \times \text{III} = \underline{3} + \underline{6}$$

$$3 \times \overline{\text{III}} = \underline{1} + \underline{8}$$

→

$$\chi_i = f_{ijk} \phi^j \psi^k$$

$$\eta_i = \phi_i \psi^i$$

2. Nova Fenomenologia

Quarks Escalares, Gluons Massivos

- Building blocks
- Quarks escalares
- Gluons massivos
- Simetria Yang-Mills
- QCD
- SU(5)
- QED
- Supersimetria
- Higgs: igual em importância a invariância da luz?

I. Introdução

Eletromagnetismo baseado baseado na carga elétrica sendo trocado por 4 bósons vetoriais:

- Fóton
- Fóton massivo
- 2 Fótons carregados

II. Lagrangiana

1. Simetria $U(1) \times SO(2)$

Conjunto baseado no mesmo parâmetro α

1.1 $U(1)$

$$G_{\mu}^I \equiv \{G_{\mu}^1, G_{\mu}^2, G_{\mu}^3, G_{\mu}^4\}$$

$$G_{\mu}^{I'} = G_{\mu}^I + (\Omega^{-1})_1^I \partial_{\mu} \alpha$$

$$\Omega_K^I (\Omega^{-1})_J^K = \delta_J^I$$

1.2 SO(2)

$$\begin{pmatrix} G_\mu^3 \\ G_\mu^4 \end{pmatrix}' = \begin{pmatrix} \cos q\alpha & \sin q\alpha \\ -\sin q\alpha & \cos q\alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} G_\mu^3 \\ G_\mu^4 \end{pmatrix}$$

2. Notação

- Campos granulares

$$G_{\mu\nu}^I = \partial_\mu G_\nu^I - \partial_\nu G_\mu^I, \quad S_{\mu\nu}^I = \partial_\mu G_\nu^I + \partial_\nu G_\mu^I$$

$$G_{\mu}^3 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(W_{\mu}^+ + W_{\mu}^-), \quad G_{\mu}^4 = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}(W_{\mu}^+ - W_{\mu}^-)$$

$$W_{\mu\nu}^+ = \partial_{\mu}W_{\nu}^+ - \partial_{\nu}W_{\mu}^+, \quad W_{\mu\nu}^- = \partial_{\mu}W_{\nu}^- - \partial_{\nu}W_{\mu}^-$$

- **Campos coletivos**

$$z_{[\mu\nu]} = \gamma_{[IJ]}G_{\mu}^I G_{\nu}^J, \quad z_{(\mu\nu)} = \gamma_{(IJ)}G_{\mu}^I G_{\nu}^J$$

$$\omega_{[\mu\nu]} = \tau_{[IJ]}G_{\mu}^I G_{\nu}^J, \quad \omega_{(\mu\nu)} = \tau_{(IJ)}G_{\mu}^I G_{\nu}^J$$

3. Lagrangiana

$$L = L_K + L_M + L_{GF} + L_I$$

3.1 Lagrangiana cinética

$$L_K = L_K^A + L_K^S$$

$$L_K^A = a_1 G_{\mu\nu}^1 G^{\mu\nu 1} + a_2 G_{\mu\nu}^2 G^{\mu\nu 2} + 2W_{\mu\nu}^+ W^{\mu\nu -}$$

$$\begin{aligned}L_K^S &= b_{(11)} S_{\mu\nu}^1 S^{\mu\nu 1} + b_{(22)} S_{\mu\nu}^2 S^{\mu\nu 2} + b_{(12)} S_{\mu\nu}^1 S^{\mu\nu 2} \\ &+ 2b_{(33)} S_{\mu\nu}^+ S^{\mu\nu -} + c_{(11)} S_{\mu}^{\mu 1} S_{\nu}^{\nu 1} + c_{(22)} S_{\mu}^{\mu 2} S_{\nu}^{\nu 2} \\ &+ c_{(12)} S_{\mu}^{\mu 1} S_{\nu}^{\nu 2} + 2c_{(33)} S_{\mu}^{\mu +} S_{\nu}^{\nu -}\end{aligned}$$

3.2 Lagrangiana de massa

$$L_m = m_{IJ}^2 G_{\mu}^I G^{\nu J}$$

3.3 Lagrangiana de gauge-fixing

$$L_{GF} = \frac{1}{2\xi} (\partial_{\mu} D^{\mu} + \sigma_i \partial_{\mu} X^{\mu i})^2$$

3.4 Lagrangiana de interação

$$L_I = L_I^3 + L_I^4$$

$$L_I^3 = L_I^{3A} + L_I^{3S}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L_I^{3A} = & 4(b_1 G_{\mu\nu}^1 + b_2 G_{\mu\nu}^2) \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ z \end{bmatrix}^{\mu\nu} + 4b_3 \left(\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ z \end{bmatrix}^{\mu\nu} + \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ z \end{bmatrix}^{\mu\nu} \right) W_{\mu\nu}^+ \\ & + 4b_3 \left(\begin{bmatrix} +1 \\ z \end{bmatrix}^{\mu\nu} + \begin{bmatrix} +2 \\ z \end{bmatrix}^{\mu\nu} \right) W_{\mu\nu}^- + 4 \begin{bmatrix} + - \\ z \end{bmatrix}^{\mu\nu} (b_1 G_{\mu\nu}^1 + b_2 G_{\mu\nu}^2) \\ & + 4 \begin{bmatrix} + - \\ z \end{bmatrix}^{\mu\nu} (\beta_1 G_{\mu\nu}^1 + \beta_2 G_{\mu\nu}^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_I^{3S} = & 2(\beta_1 S_{\mu\nu}^1 + \beta_2 S_{\mu\nu}^2) \left(\binom{(11)}{z}{}^{\mu\nu} + 2 \binom{(11)}{z}{}^{\mu\nu} + \binom{(11)}{z}{}^{\mu\nu} \right) \\
 & + 2(\rho_1 S_\mu^{\mu 1} + \rho_2 S_m u^{\mu 2}) \left(\binom{(11)}{z}{}^\nu + 2 \binom{(12)}{z}{}^\nu + \binom{(22)}{z}{}^\nu \right) \\
 & + 2[(\beta_1 + 4\rho_1) S_\mu^{\mu 1} + (\beta_2 + 4\rho_2) S_\mu^{\mu 2}] \left(\binom{(11)}{\omega}{}^\nu + 2 \binom{(12)}{\omega}{}^\nu + \binom{(22)}{\omega}{}^\nu \right) \\
 & + 8\beta_3 \Re \left\{ \binom{(-1)}{z}{}^{\mu\nu} + \binom{(-2)}{z}{}^{\mu\nu} \right\} S_{\mu\nu}^+ + 4 \binom{+-3}{z}{}^{\mu\nu} (\beta_1 S_{\mu\nu}^1 + \beta_2 S_{\mu\nu}^2) \\
 & + 8\rho_3 \Re \left\{ \binom{(-1)}{z}{}^\nu S_\mu^{\mu+} \right\} + 8(\beta_3 + 4\rho_3) \Re \left\{ \binom{(-1)}{\omega}{}^\nu S_\mu^{\mu+} \right\} \\
 & + 8\rho_3 \Re \left\{ \binom{(-2)}{z}{}^\nu S_\mu^{\mu+} \right\} + 8(\beta_3 + 4\rho_3) \Re \left\{ \binom{(-2)}{\omega}{}^\nu S_\mu^{\mu+} \right\} \\
 & + 4 \binom{+-3}{z}{}^\nu (\rho_1 S_\mu^{\mu 1} + \rho_2 S_\mu^{\mu 2}) + 4(\beta_1 + 4\rho_1) \binom{+-3}{z}{}^\nu S_\mu^{\mu 1} \\
 & + 4(\beta_2 + 4\rho_2) \binom{+-3}{z}{}^\nu S_\mu^{\mu 2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$L_4 = a_{PQRS} G_\mu^P G_\nu^Q G^{\mu R} G^{\nu S} \quad (\approx 70 \text{ termos})$$

“Médico de Almas”